#### **FY 2019 TEMPLATE**

# **Environmental Collaboration and Conflict Resolution (ECCR)**<sup>1</sup> **Policy Report to OMB-CEQ**

On September 7, 2012, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), and the Chairman of the President's Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) issued a revised policy memorandum on environmental collaboration and conflict resolution (ECCR). This joint memo builds on, reinforces, and replaces the memo on ECR issued in 2005.

The memorandum requires annual reporting by departments and agencies to OMB and CEQ on progress made each year in implementing the ECCR policy direction to increase the effective use and institutional capacity for ECCR.

#### ECCR is defined in Section 2 of the 2012 memorandum as:

"... third-party assisted collaborative problem solving and conflict resolution in the context of environmental, public lands, or natural resources issues or conflicts, including matters related to energy, transportation, and water and land management.

The term Environmental Collaboration and Conflict Resolution encompasses a range of assisted collaboration, negotiation, and facilitated dialogue processes and applications. These processes directly engage affected interests and Federal department and agency decision makers in collaborative problem solving and conflict resolution.

Multi-issue, multi-party environmental disputes or controversies often take place in high conflict and low trust settings, where the assistance of impartial facilitators or mediators can be instrumental to reaching agreement and resolution. Such disputes range broadly from policy and regulatory disputes to administrative adjudicatory disputes, civil judicial disputes, intra- and interagency disputes, and disputes with non-Federal persons and entities.

Environmental Collaboration and Conflict Resolution can be applied during policy development or planning in the context of a rulemaking, administrative decision making, enforcement, or litigation with appropriate attention to the particular requirements of those processes. These contexts typically involve situations where a Federal department or agency has ultimate responsibility for decision making and there may be disagreement or conflict among Federal, Tribal, State and local governments and agencies, public interest organizations, citizens groups, and business and industry groups.

Although Environmental Collaboration and Conflict Resolution refers specifically to collaborative and conflict resolution processes aided by third-party neutrals, there is a broad array of partnerships, cooperative arrangements, and unassisted negotiations that Federal agencies may pursue with non-Federal entities to plan, manage, and implement department and agency programs and activities. The Basic Principles for Agency Engagement in Environmental Conflict Resolution and Collaborative Problem Solving are presented in Attachment B. The Basic Principles provide guidance that applies to both Environmental Collaboration and Conflict Resolution and unassisted collaborative problem solving and conflict resolution. This policy recognizes the importance and value of the appropriate use of all forms collaborative problem solving and conflict resolution."

This annual reporting template is provided in accordance with the memo for activities in FY 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The term 'ECCR' includes third-party neutral assistance in environmental collaboration and environmental conflict resolution

#### The report deadline is February 22, 2020.

We understand that collecting this information may be challenging; however, the departments and agencies are requested to collect this data to the best of their abilities. The FY 2019 report, along with previous reports, will establish a useful baseline for your department or agency. Departments should submit a single report that includes ECCR information from the agencies and other entities within the department. The information in your report will become part of an analysis of all FY 2019 ECCR reports. You may be contacted for the purpose of clarifying information in your report. For your reference, prior year synthesis reports are available at: https://udall.gov/OurPrograms/Institute/ECRReport.aspx

# **FY 19 ECCR Report**

Name of Department/Agency responding: Department of Veterans Affairs

Name and Title/Position of person responding:

<u>C. J. Cordova, Director Energy</u>

Management Program Service

Division/Office of person responding:

Office of Asset Enterprise

Management

Contact information (phone/email): 202-632-5999\_

cynthia.cordova@va.gov

Date this report is being submitted:

Catherine Johnson

Name of ECCR Forum Representative

### 1. ECCR Capacity Building Progress

a) Describe any NEW, CHANGED, or ACTIVELY ONGOING steps taken by your department or agency to build programmatic and institutional capacity for environmental collaboration and conflict resolution in FY 2019, including progress made since FY 2018. Please also include any efforts to establish routine procedures for considering ECCR in specific situations or categories of cases, including any efforts to provide <u>institutional support</u> for non-assisted collaboration efforts. Please refer to your agency's FY2018 report to only include new, changed or actively ongoing ECCR capacity building progress. If none, leave this section blank.

(Please refer to the mechanisms and strategies presented in Section 5 and attachment C of the <a href="OMB-CEQ ECCR Policy Memo">OMB-CEQ ECCR Policy Memo</a> for additional guidance on what to include here. Examples include but are not restricted to efforts to

- integrate ECCR objectives into agency mission statements, Government Performance and Results Act goals, and strategic planning;
- assure that your agency's infrastructure supports ECCR;
- invest in support, programs, or trainings; and d) focus on accountable performance and achievement.

You are encouraged to attach policy statements, plans and other relevant documents.

Historically, there have not been a significant number of VA projects where environmental collaboration and conflict resolution (ECCR) would be appropriate. However, VA is committed to increasing the use of collaborative decision-making and alternative dispute resolution (ADR) processes. VA is actively advocating the use of mediation and other ADR processes and ensuring that reliable, credible, technical, and scientific information is available to stakeholders that are engaged in collaborative resource management efforts.

VA continues to implement VA Directive 5978, Alternative Dispute Resolution which specifically addresses environmental conflict resolution. The directive

designates the Director, Office of Asset Enterprise Management as the person responsible for VA's ECCR Program - including assuring participation of VA staff offices and Administrations in developing and implementing VA's ECCR program; promoting the use of ECCR where appropriate; and tracking and reporting on the use of ECCR within VA.

Additionally, VA seeks the input of stakeholders through public meetings for actions and projects that it anticipates will generate controversy. VA maintains an Environmental ADR Program website, http://www1.va.gov/adr/EnvADR.asp.

b) Please describe the trainings given in your department/agency in FY 19. Please include a list of the trainings if possible. If known, provide the course names and if possible, the total number of people trained. Please refer to your agency's FY2019 report to include only trainings given in F 2019. **If none, leave this section blank.** 

VA did not provide any training on ECCR in FY 19.

#### 2. ECCR Investments and Benefits

a) Please describe any NEW or CHANGED or INNOVATIVE investments made in ECCR in FY2019. Examples of investments may include ECCR programmatic FTEs, dedicated ECCR budgets, funds spent on contracts to support ECCR cases and programs, etc.

Please refer to your agency's FY2018 report to only include new, changed, or innovative investments made in ECCR. **If none, leave this section blank.** 

VA has not historically had the need to utilize the ECCR process and therefore has not identified any investments made in ECCR.

b) Please describe any **NEW or CHANGED or INNOVATIVE** benefits realized when using ECCR.

Examples of benefits may include cost savings, environmental and natural resource results, furtherance of agency mission, improved working relationship with stakeholders, litigation avoided, timely project progression, etc.

Please refer to your agency's previous report to only include new or innovative methodology to identify ECCR investments and benefits. **If none, leave this section blank.** 

As stated previously, VA has not identified any ECCR investments or benefits.

#### 3. ECCR Use

Describe the level of ECCR use within your department/agency in FY 2019 by completing the three tables below. [Please refer to the definition of ECCR from the OMB-CEQ memo as presented on page one of this template. An ECCR "case or project" is an instance of neutral third-party involvement to assist parties in a collaborative or conflict resolution process.] In order not to double count processes, please select one category per case for decision making forums and for ECCR applications.

	Total FY 2019 ECCR Cases <sup>2</sup>	Decision making forum that was addressing the issues when ECCR was initiated:			
	LOOK Cases	Federal agency	Administrative proceedings	Judicial proceedings	Other (specify)
Context for ECCR Applications:		decision	/appeals		
Policy development					
Planning					
Siting and construction					
Rulemaking					
License and permit issuance					
Compliance and enforcement action					
Implementation/monitoring agreements					
Other (specify):					
TOTAL	_0	0	0	_0	_0
		(the sum of the Decision Making Forums should equal <b>Total FY 2019 ECCR Cases</b> )			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> An "ECCR case" is a case in which a third-party neutral was active in a particular matter during FY 2019.

	Interagency ECCR Cases and Projects		
	Other Federal Agencies Only	Including non federal participants (includes states, Tribes, and non governmental)	
Context for ECCR Applications:			
Policy development			
Planning			
Siting and construction			
Rulemaking			
License and permit issuance			
Compliance and enforcement action			
Implementation/monitoring agreements			
Other (specify):			
TOTAL	_0_	0	

Context for ECCR Applications:	ECCR Cases or projects completed <sup>3</sup>	ECCR Cases or Projects <b>sponsored</b> <sup>4</sup>
Policy development		
Planning		
Siting and construction		
Rulemaking		
License and permit issuance		
Compliance and enforcement action		
Implementation/monitoring agreements		
Other (specify):		
TOTAL	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A "completed case" means that neutral third-party involvement in a particular ECCR case ended during FY 2019. The end of neutral third-party involvement does not necessarily mean that the parties have concluded their collaboration/negotiation/dispute resolution process, that all issues are resolved, or that agreement has been reached.

Sponsored - to be a sponsor of an ECCR case means that an agency is contributing financial or in-kind resources (e.g., a staff mediator's time) to provide the neutral third party's services for that case. More than one sponsor is possible for a given ECCR case.

Note: If you subtract completed ECCR cases from Total FY 2019 cases it should equal total ongoing cases. If you subtract sponsored ECCR cases from Total FY 2019 ECCR cases it should equal total cases in which your agency or department participated but did not sponsor. If you subtract the combined interagency ECCR cases from Total FY 2019 cases it should equal total cases that involved only your agency or department with no other federal agency involvement.

# 4. ECCR Case Example

Using the template below, provide a description of an ECCR case (preferably **completed** in FY 2019). If possible, focus on an interagency ECCR case. Please limit the length to **no more than 1 page**.

In FY 2019, VA did not have the opportunity to participate in any ECCR cases.

Name/Identification of Problem/Conflict
Overview of problem/conflict and timeline, including reference to the nature and timing of the third-party assistance, and how the ECCR effort was funded.
Summary of how the problem or conflict was addressed using ECCR, including details of any innovative approaches to ECCR, and how the principles for engagement in ECCR outlined in the policy memo were used.
Identify the key beneficial outcomes of this case, including references to likely alternative decision-making forums and how the outcomes differed as a result of ECCR.
Reflections on the lessons learned from the use of ECCR.
<ol> <li>Other ECCR Notable Cases         Briefly describe any other notable ECCR cases in the past fiscal year. (OPTIONAL)     </li> </ol>

## 6. Priority Uses of ECCR

Please describe your agency's **NEW or CHANGED** efforts to address priority or emerging areas of conflict and cross-cutting challenges either individually or in coordination with other agencies. For example, consider the following areas: NEPA, ESA, CERCLA, energy development, energy transmission, CWA 404 permitting, tribal consultation, environmental justice, management of ocean resources, infrastructure development, National Historic Preservation Act, other priority areas. Please refer to your agency's FY2018 report to only include new or increased priority uses. **If none, leave this section blank.** 

VA did not address priority or emerging areas of conflict.

# 7. Non-Third-Party-assisted Collaboration Processes (Optional)

Briefly describe other **significant** uses of environmental collaboration that your agency has undertaken in FY 2019 to anticipate, prevent, better manage, or resolve environmental issues and conflicts that do not include a third-party neutral. *Examples may include interagency MOUs, enhanced public engagement, and structural committees with the capacity to resolve disputes, etc.* **If none, leave this section blank.** 

In FY 2019, VA did not have the opportunity to participate in any significant uses of environmental collaboration.

#### 8. Comments and Suggestions on Reporting

Please comment on any **NEW or CHANGED** difficulties you encountered in collecting these data and if and how you overcame them. Please provide suggestions for improving these questions in the future. Please reference your agency's FY2018 report to identify new/increased difficulties. **If none, leave this section blank.** 

As a result of VA's limited use of ECCR, collecting data for this report was not problematic.

Please attach any additional information as warranted.

Report due February 21, 2020.

Submit report electronically to: kavanaugh&@udall.gov

#### Basic Principles for Agency Engagement in Environmental Conflict Resolution and Collaborative Problem Solving

Informed Commitment

Confirm willingness and availability of appropriate agency leadership and staff at all levels to commit to principles of engagement; ensure commitment to participate in good faith

with open mindset to new perspectives

Balanced, Voluntary Representation

Ensure balanced inclusion of affected/concerned interests; all parties should be willing and able to participate and select

their own representatives

Group Autonomy Engage with all participants in developing and governing

> process; including choice of consensus-based decision rules; seek assistance as needed from impartial facilitator/mediator selected by

and accountable to all parties

Informed Process Seek agreement on how to share, test and apply relevant

> information (scientific, cultural, technical, etc.) among participants; ensure relevant information is accessible and understandable by all

participants

Accountability Participate in the process directly, fully, and in good faith; be

accountable to all participants, as well as agency representatives and

the public

Openness Ensure all participants and public are fully informed in a timely

> manner of the purpose and objectives of process; communicate agency authorities, requirements and constraints; uphold confidentiality rules

and agreements as required for particular proceedings

Timeliness Ensure timely decisions and outcomes

Implementation Ensure decisions are implementable consistent with federal law and

> policy; parties should commit to identify roles and responsibilities necessary to implement agreement; parties should agree in advance on the consequences of a party being unable to provide necessary

resources or implement agreement; ensure parties will take steps to

implement and obtain resources necessary to agreement